WEB TABLE I AGE-ADJUSTED RATES PER MILLION OF CHILDHOOD CANCER INCIDENCE OF BROAD TYPES OF CHILDHOOD CANCER AND THEIR SUBTYPES FOR & MAJOR REGISTRIES\* IN INDIA

Most common subtype			Studied subtypes	
Leukemias			Acute lymphoblastic leukemia	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	18-456 (37.5-50.5)	7-186 (24.8-46.7)	9-340 (14.9-39.3%)	3-122 (15.5-32%)
Lymphomas and Reticuloendothelial neoplasms			Non-Hodgkin's disease	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	7-120 (10.9-19.5%)	2-31 (5.1-13.2%)	3-54 (2.4-9%)	2-17 (1.5-4.7%)
CNS tumors			Primitive neuroectodermal tumor (PNET)	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	5-106 (3.6-13%)	5-60 (5.6-13.8%)	4-51 (2.8-6.7%)	2-20 (2.7-6.3%)
SNS tumors			Neuroblastoma and ganglioneuroma	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	1-48 (0.5-8.3%)	1-27 (0.8-7.2%)	1-48 (0.5-4.9%)	1-34 (3.0-7.2%)
Retinoblastoma				
	Male	Female		
	1-48 (0.2-8.6%)	2-43 (1.2-19.4%)		
Renal tumors	Wilm's tumour			
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	1-47 (1.8-4.8%)	3-28 (2.4-5.9%)	1-45 (1.8-4.6%)	3-27 (3-13.6%)
Hepatic tumors	Hepatoblastoma			
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	1-19 (0.8-10%)	1-13 (0.5-4.5%)	2-16 (0.7-2.1%)	1-10 (0.5-2.1%)
Bone malignancies	Osteosarcoma			
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	1-41 (2.1-8.2%)	8-39 (3.8-12.5%)	5-29 (0.5-5%)	2-32 (1.2-8%)
Soft tissue sarcomas			Rhabdomyosarcoma and embryonal sarcoma	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	3-74 (2.5-9.9%)	1-54 (4.5-13.2%)	3-30 (1.3-6.3%)	3-26 (1.8-5.5%)
Germ cell tumors				
	Male	Female		
	2-15 (1.3-4.2%)	1-12 (0.8-4.5%)		
Others				
	Male	Female	Male	Female
	8-60 (1.47-5.6%)	6-52 (3.53-9.07%)	3-19 (0.6-6.3%)	1-13 (1.2-4.5%)

 $<sup>^*</sup>Delhi,\,Mumbai,\,Chennai,\,Guwahati,\,Dibrugarh,\,Thiruvananthapuram,\,Bangalore,Chandigarh.$