

**WEB TABLE I** COMPARISON OF CLINICAL PRESENTATION OF REPORTED CASES OF GHOSAL TYPE HEMATODIAPHYSEAL DYSPLASIA (GHDD) WITH PRESENT CASE

Author	Ghosal [1]	Genevieve [2]	Bagga [3]	Gumruk [4]	Mardawig [5]	Mondal [6]	Majaheri [7]	Savoye [8]	Datta [10]	Arora [9]	Our Case
N	5	10	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Age	1-5 y	5 mo-34 y	–	–	20 mo	18 mo	20 mo	14 mo	4y	21 y	3 y 9 mo
Sex	–	6 M, 4 F	–	–	Female	Male	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
Origin	West Bengal, India	Tunisia, Algeria and Pakistan	Delhi, India	Turkey	Iran	West Bengal, India	Pakistan	Pakistan	West Bengal, India	Hyderabad, India	Haryana, India
Family history/ Consanguinity	–	Yes	–	Second degree	Second degree	No	Third degree	Second degree	No	No	Yes
Age at onset of hematologic symptoms	–	–	–	–	10 mo	14 mo	9 mo	14 mo	~ 4 y	16-17 y	1 y
Hepatomegaly	–	–	–	–	No	No	No	No	Not palpable	Mild	3 cm
Splenomegaly	1 in 5 cases	–	–	1 in 2 cases	No	Mild	No	No	Just palpable	Mild	10 cm
Age at bony involvement	–	–	–	–	Between 10-20 mo	14 mo	Noted at 20 mo	14 mo	~ 4 y	11 y	3 y and 5 mo
Baseline Hb (g/dL)	–	Anemia in 7 cases	–	–	4.5	8.1	6.8	6	6	4.5	4.6
Platelet counts	Normal	Thrombocytopenia in 6 cases	–	Thrombocytopenia in both cases	–	95×10 <sup>9</sup> /L	1,37×10 <sup>9</sup> /L	80×10 <sup>9</sup> /L	Normal	Normal	37×10 <sup>9</sup> /L
Diaphyseal involvement	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mutation studies	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
Steroid therapy	2 out of 5 cases	in 5 cases	–	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Response to steroid therapy	Yes in both cases	–	–	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

*M-males; F-females; –not available.*