$\textbf{WEB TABLE I} \ \textit{Predictive Ability of Trancutaneous Bilirubin and its Rate of Rise For Subsequent Need of Phototherapy of the production of the produc$

Situation of TcB at 24 hours of age		Predictive characteristics			
Percentile zones (total n=1075)	Children who required phototherapy (n=65)	Sn (%)	Sp (%)	PPV (%)	NPV (%)
≥95 th Percentile (74/1075)	22/65	33.8	94.9	29.7	95.7
≥75 th Percentile (327/1075)	58/65	89.2	73.4	17.7	99.1
≥50 th Percentile (581/1075)	65/65	100	48.9	11.2	100
≥25 th Percentile (838/1075)	65/65	100	23.5	7.8	100
≥5 th Percentile (1025/1075)	65/65	100	5	6.3	100
For Rate of Rise of TcB between 18 to 24 hours of life					
≥95 th Percentile (44/1075)	5/65	7.7	96.1	11.4	94.2
≥75 th Percentile (305/1075)	26/65	40	72.4	8.5	94.9
≥50 th Percentile (589/1075)	54/65	83.1	47	9.2	97.7
≥25 th Percentile (831/1075)	61/65	93.8	23.8	7.3	98.4
≥5 th Percentile (1059/1075)	65/65	100	1.6	6.1	100

 $TcB = transcutaneous\ bilirubin,\ Sn = sensitivity,\ Sp = specificity,\ PPV = positive\ predictive\ value,\ NPV = negative\ predictive\ value.$

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